

Total Marks 200

513

PSYCHOLOGY
(English Medium)

Category

A

513-PSYCHOLOGY

A51300216

SEAL SEAL SEAL SEAL SEAL SEAL

Seat No. of the Candidate

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Block No. of the Candidate

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Signature of the Candidate

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Signature of the Block Supervisor

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Important Instructions for Candidates

- (1) Please do not open the question booklet until you are told to do so.
- (2) During examination, if a candidate is found having any literature guide, guide, piece of paper, handwritten or printed paper, mobile phone, calculator, spy camera, headphone or any other equipments then the candidate will be considered as disqualified.
- (3) During the examination if candidates are found conversing with each other, making noise or not following supervisor's instructions then they will be considered as disqualified.
- (4) After receiving question paper please write your seat number in **OMR SHEET** at the correct given place.
- (5) Please do not write your seat number at any other place than the allotted one in the **OMR SHEET** and if any sign of your identity or recognition is found then you will be considered totally disqualified for the examination.
- (6) Signatures of both the supervisor and the candidate in the certificate of **OMR SHEET** are compulsory without which **OMR SHEET** will not be evaluated, so it is compulsory for the candidate to get signature of the supervisor.
- (7) Candidates can use blue/black ball pen. They cannot use pens or pencils of any other colour and also whitener.
- (8) No marks should be made on any of the options in the question paper.
- (9) There are total 200 questions in this question paper. There is only one answer to each question from the options A, B, C and D. Four options are given for each question. All the questions are compulsory.
Example: What is the capital of Gujarat?
(A) Ahmedabad (B) Gandhinagar (C) Vadnagar (D) Patan
Here, if option (B) Gandhinagar is correct then option (B) in the **OMR SHEET** will have to be darkened with pen. (A) ● (B) ● (C) ○ (D) ○
- (10) One(1) mark is allotted to each correct answer. For each wrong answer 0.25 marks will be deducted. If a candidate does not want to answer any question then he/she will have to select option E. Negative marking will not be applicable for option E.
- (11) Cross marked answers, answers given on more than one option and answers re-marked after use of blade, eraser or whitener will be given **Negative 0.25 marks**.
- (12) Please hand over the **OMR SHEET** to the block supervisor after completion of examination before leaving the classroom. Any candidate failing to do so will be considered as disqualified for the examination.
- (13) Maximum time allotted for the examination is 180 minutes.
- (14) Most appropriate option will be considered as answer of the question.

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- (1) How many Indian languages have been declared endangered by UNESCO
(A) 195 (B) 196 (C) 189 (D) 197
- (2) The National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, integrates ____ to root education in ancient knowledge of India and its contribution in modern India.
(A) Knowledgeable India (B) Indian Knowledge System
(C) Modern India (D) Ancient India
- (3) The full form of PARAKH is _____.
(A) Private Assessment, Report and Analysis of Knowledge for Holistic
(B) Performance Assessment, Review and Analysis of Knowledge for Holistic development
(C) Performance Assistant, Review and Analysis of knowledge for Holistic development
(D) Personal Assistant, Review and Analysis of Knowledge for Holistic development.
- (4) A scientist of Indian origin who made groundbreaking contribution in the study of DNA was _____.
(A) Radha Krushnan (B) Amartya Sen
(C) Hargovind Khurana (D) Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam
- (5) The Three Tier Panchayati Raj System was recommended by _____.
(A) Mactapl Committee (B) British Committee
(C) Sevak Committee (D) Balwantraji Mehta Committee
- (6) Commonwealth Games were previously known as _____.
(A) European Games (B) Euro – Asian Games
(C) Common Games (D) British Empire Games
- (7) Who appoints CAG?
(A) Prime Minister (B) President
(C) Vice-President (D) Chief – Minister
- (8) The battle between Porus and Sikander was fought on the bank of _____ river.
(A) Chenab (B) Ravi
(C) Satluj (D) Jhelum

- (9) "Who among the following reigned during the Anno Domini Period?"
- (A) Chandragupt Maurya (B) King Ashok
(C) Khilji Dynasty and Tughlaq Dynasty (D) Bindusara
- (10) _____ is the most renowned form of dance of Maharashtra.
- (A) Ghumar (B) Kalbeliya
(C) Kachhighodi (D) Laavani
- (11) _____ was invented by Michael Faraday?
- (A) Penicillin
(B) Periodic Table
(C) Precious Metal - Radium
(D) Conversion of Kinetic Energy into Electric energy
- (12) _____ among the following was written by Manubhai Pancholi (Darshak)
- (A) Upanas (B) Socrates
(C) Anunay (D) Hayaati
- (13) Anup Kumar is a renowned _____ player.
- (A) Kho – Kho (B) Kabaddi
(C) Cricket (D) Football
- (14) _____ was Suggested by Swami Vivekanand to Promote nationalism in India.
- (A) Pride of the nation
(B) Public awareness and upliftment of the poor
(C) Inclusive Vision
(D) Cultural Pride
- (15) _____ is not a renewable energy resource.
- (A) Forest (B) Wind
(C) Natural Gas (D) Sunlight

- (16) _____ was considered as the “Soul of Indian constitution” by Dr. B. R. Ambedkar.
- (A) Right to Education
(B) Cultural and Educational Right
(C) Right to go against exploitation
(D) Right to the Constitutional Remedies
- (17) Panchayati Raj Institutions came to exist on _____ in Gujarat.
- (A) 1st May, 1960
(B) 20th April, 1993
(C) 15th August, 1947
(D) 1st April, 1963
- (18) _____ is not founded by the Government to implement the recommendations of Mudaliar Commission 1953.
- (A) Rural Higher Education Committee
(B) University Grants Commission
(C) All India Education Council
(D) All India Council of Sports
- (19) Astronaut Sunita Williams has an ancestral link with _____.
- (A) Karnal, Haryana
(B) Vadodara, Gujarat
(C) Mahesana, Gujarat
(D) Kurukshetra, Haryana
- (20) _____ hosted the Kabaddi World Cup 2025.
- (A) India
(B) England
(C) South Korea
(D) Malaysia
- (21) Open and Distance Learning (ODL) is included in _____ education.
- (A) Formal
(B) Informal
(C) Non-formal
(D) None of the above
- (22) “I never teach my pupils; I only attempt to provide the conditions in which they can learn” who quoted it?
- (A) Maharshi Arvind
(B) Albert Einstein
(C) Pestology
(D) Eric Crome

- (23) "A person must use the development of his individuality by aligning it to the social needs and ideals."
This is _____ aim of education.
- (A) an Individual (B) a Social
(C) a Peculiar (D) a Sovereign
- (24) _____ described education as a tri-polar process consisting of the teacher the learner the social environment or syllabus as a third pole".
- (A) John Dewey (B) John Adams
(C) Herbert Spencer (D) Benjamin S. Bloom
- (25) Idealism is also known as _____.
- (A) Idealism (B) Realism
(C) Naturalism (D) Pragmatism
- (26) John Dewey, Kilpatrick, and Mahatma Gandhi advocated _____.
- (A) Existentialism (B) Naturalism
(C) Idealism (D) Pragmatism
- (27) Social and National Integration can be attained through _____.
- (A) Joint Family (B) Requirement of Food
(C) Democracy (D) Population growth
- (28) What kind of education enables human to utilize free time more joyful and productive activities?
- (A) Non-formal Education
(B) Continuing Education
(C) Life-long Education
(D) Education through correspondence
- (29) The cultural objective of education emphasizes on _____.
- (A) to enrich a person with knowledge
(B) to inculcate ideals and morals in life
(C) to Transfer Knowledge, Art, Literature, Music from generation to generation.
(D) to enable a person to earn livelihood

- (30) "Human bears the competency of adapting to the situation and adapting one's needs to the situation" ____ form of pragmatism supports it.
- (A) Nominalistic Pragmatism (B) Experimental Pragmatism
(C) Biological Pragmatism (D) Humanistic Pragmatism
- (31) A person with IQ score 100, is placed in ____ category.
- (A) Average Intelligence (B) High Intelligence
(C) Lower Intelligence (D) Superior Intelligence
- (32) ____ type of Psychological conflict do Students Face when they neither want to stay at home nor go to school?
- (A) Approach – Avoidance (B) Approach – Approach
(C) Avoidance – Avoidance (D) Dual Approach Avoidance
- (33) A Psychologist who believed that "Motivation is cyclic"
- (A) Lipid (B) C.T. Morgan
(C) Lewin (D) Emilicuma
- (34) Which test is used to detect mental retardation among children?
- (A) Achievement Test (B) Reading Test
(C) Through General Observation (D) Intelligence Test
- (35) The full form of GATB is ____.
- (A) Great Attitude Test Box
(B) Global Attitude Test Book
(C) Global Aptitude Test Book
(D) General Aptitude Test Battery
- (36) ____ is placed the first among eight stages of Robert Gagne's approach.
- (A) Stimulus – Response Approach
(B) Verbal – Association Approach
(C) Problem – Solving Approach
(D) Chaining Approach

- (37) "Trial and Error Principle" of Thorndike is known as _____.
(A) Stimulus – Response Approach
(B) Theory of operant conditioning
(C) Cognitive Learning Theory
(D) Principle of motivation
- (38) After fulfilling basic Physiological need, the next level in Maslow's Hierarchy of needs is _____.
(A) Love and Belongingness
(B) Esteem Needs
(C) Self–Actualization needs
(D) Safety Needs
- (39) The measurement of intelligence was first successfully introduced by _____.
(A) Garrett and Menttest
(B) Binet and Simon
(C) Crow and Crow
(D) Thurston and Spareman
- (40) The learning graph remains extended and horizontal during ____ temporary stage.
(A) Learning
(B) Maturity
(C) Plateau
(D) End
- (41) To counsel a student towards the most suitable field of learning and future profession, educator usually rely on ____ test.
(A) Intelligence Test
(B) Personality Measurement Test
(C) Aptitude Test
(D) Diagnostic Test
- (42) To enable a student to develop their creativity fully and completely, maximum importance should be given to _____.
(A) Process
(B) Idea
(C) Excellence
(D) Creativity
- (43) While framing the teaching method in curriculum development, _____ state of students require prior consideration.
(A) Mental
(B) Physical
(C) Emotional
(D) Holistic

- (44) _____ is Pre-requisite in order to promote concentration in Students.
- (A) Proficiency of Teacher
(B) Selection of proper method, congruent to the unit
(C) Age level
(D) Mental level
- (45) Any action that is derived from internal motivation and different from temptation is called _____.
- (A) Improper (B) Motivation
(C) Eligibility (D) Distress
- (46) Classroom behaviour generally observes total _____ types of interactions.
- (A) Five (B) Two
(C) Three (D) One
- (47) Bakum developed an evaluation process to measure _____ development of student.
- (A) Physical (B) Mental
(C) Holistic (D) Social
- (48) _____ has released an education from the bandage of Time, Collection and number.
- (A) Internet (B) Technology
(C) Website (D) Open University
- (49) The research that scientifically studies the daily problems of the school is called, _____ research.
- (A) Pragmatic (B) Action
(C) Conditioning (D) Visiting
- (50) To find out the mid-point of the given group, _____ is calculated
- (A) Median (B) Mode
(C) Mean (D) Any of the above
- (51) _____ is also known as Skinnerian Instruction.
- (A) Branchial Instruction (B) Linear Instruction
(C) Mathematical Instruction (D) All of the above

(52) Ned Flanders' Interaction analysis categories comprises Ten main categories, out of that three are..

(i) Teacher's Talk

(ii) Pupil's Talk

(iii) Silence

Which of the following shows the correct order?

(A) (i) 7 (ii) 1 (iii) 2

(B) (i) 4 (ii) 4 (iii) 2

(C) (i) 6 (ii) 3 (iii) 1

(D) (i) 7 (ii) 2 (iii) 1

(53) _____ is a correct formula for calculating Percentile Rate.

(A) $PR = 100 - \frac{(100R - 50)}{N}$

(B) $PR = 100 \frac{(100R - 50)}{N}$

(C) $PR = 100 - \frac{(50R - 100)}{N}$

(D) $PR = 1 - \frac{(100R - 50)}{N}$

(54) _____ is a correct mean of 6, 9, 10, 12, 16, 17.

(A) 10

(B) 11

(C) 17

(D) 12

(55) "Teacher uses the change in gestures, modulation of voice and hands' movement so that students stay focused" – This is mainly applied in _____ skill.

(A) Introductory

(B) Illustration

(C) Learning aids Experiment Skill

(D) Stimulus change

(56) _____ will replace the (?)

3000, 1500, 500, 125, (?)

(A) 100

(B) 50

(C) 25

(D) 20

(57) 'A' is the sister of 'B'. 'C' is the mother of 'B'. 'D' is the father of 'C'. Then D is the _____ of A.

(A) Maternal Uncle (Mama)

(B) Father

(C) Maternal Uncle (Maasa)

(D) Maternal Grandfather

(58) _____ among the following cannot be framed by using the letter of word

“INDEPENDENCE”

(A) NICE

(B) PINE

(C) PENDING

(D) INDEED

(59) Kavya begins to walk to the south from point A. She turns left after walking 30 metres. Then she walks 40 metres straight and reaches the point 'B'. Now find the distance between 'A' and 'B'.

(A) 50 metres

(B) 35 metres

(C) 70 metres

(D) 120 metres

(60) If $B=2$, $BAG=10$ then find the value of BOX .

(A) 11

(B) 12

(C) 41

(D) 42

(61) Find the correct odd one from the following.

(A) DEGJ

(B) MNPS

(C) PQTX

(D) TUWZ

(62) Five friends are sitting in a line, A is sitting right to B, but not sitting the first. C is sitting left to D. If B is sitting right to E then who is exactly in the middle?

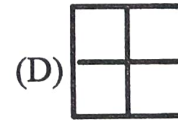
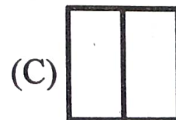
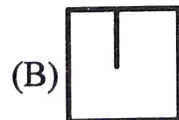
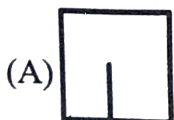
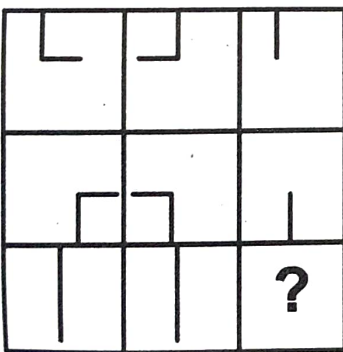
(A) A

(B) B

(C) D

(D) E

(63) Figure is given. _____ among the option correctly replaces (?).



(64) 34, 18, 10, 6, 4, _____.

(A) 0

(B) 1

(C) 2

(D) 3

(65) If DOG is coded as '4157' Then LION will be _____.

(A) 1271514

(B) 1291514

(C) 1291312

(D) 1181514

(66) There are total 65 students in a line. A stands 36th from the left, B Stands 36th from the right then total _____ students must be standing between both A and B.

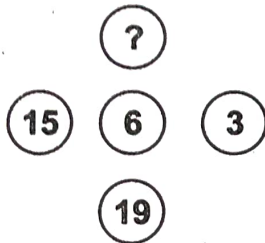
(A) 9

(B) 13

(C) 15

(D) 11

(67) _____ will replace the (?)



(A) 91

(B) 610

(C) 691

(D) 587

(68) Thermometer : Temperature :: Earthquake : _____.

(A) Scale

(B) Seismograph

(C) Anemometer

(D) Odometer

(69) The angle formed by the minute and hour hands at 4:00 pm is _____.

(A) 120°

(B) 100°

(C) 80°

(D) 60°

(70) _____ among the following will stay first if arranged in alphabetical order.

(A) Overbid

(B) Outstanding

(C) Oval

(D) Outstep

(71) કયા વાક્યમાં અવ્યયનો ઉપયોગ થતો નથી ?

(A) તે પાસ થયો કેમ કે તેણે ખૂબ મહેનત કરેલી.

(B) શાબાશ છે એ બહાદૂર જુવાનને !

(C) એ પ્રાણઘાતક અકસ્માતથી તે મરી જાત.

(D) એ ચોરની પેઠે ઘરમાં ઘૂસ્યો.

(72) કયું વાક્ય કર્મણિ પ્રયોગમાં નથી ?

(A) તને વિમાન દેખાય છે ?

(B) મેં શીખસિન કર્યું.

(C) મને વાત સમજાય છે.

(D) મારે આસને બેસવું છે.

(73) A સાથે Bનાં સાચાં જોડકાં દર્શાવતો વિકલ્પ કયો છે ?

A

B

(a) લખવાનું આપોને

(i) ભવિષ્યકૃદંત

(b) માગ્યા મેહ વરસે નહીં

(ii) સંબંધક ભૂ.કૃ.

(c) લખી લખીને થાક્યો

(iii) હેત્વર્થ

(d) વાંચવા આવજો

(iv) ભૂતકૃદંત

(A) (a) i, (d) ii, (b) iii, (c) iv

(B) (b) i, (c) ii, (d) iii, (a) iv

(C) (c) i, (b) ii, (d) iii, (a) iv

(D) (a) i, (c) ii, (d) iii, (b) iv

(74) કયા જોડકામાંના શબ્દો એક પ્રકારનો જ સમાસ દર્શાવે છે ?

(A) તપોધન, પાઠચેતર

(B) ઘનશ્યામ, કાપુરુષ

(C) કલ્પલતા, શ્રીયુતં

(D) શેષશાયી, સ્વચ્છંદ

(75) એ શબ્દ શોધો કે જેનો અર્થ અન્ય કરતાં ભિન્ન છે.

(A) પુંડરિક

(B) પર્યંક

(C) રાજીવ

(D) શતદલ

(76) સાચી જોડણી પસંદ કરો.

(A) હિમસૂતા

(B) હીમસુતા

(C) હીમસૂતા

(D) હિમસુતા

(77) એ, થી, થકી, વડે વગેરે પ્રત્યયો કઈ વિભક્તિમાં આવે છે ?

(A) સંપ્રદાન

(B) અપાદાન

(C) સંબંધ

(D) કરણ

(78) પોતાની વાતને કે વિષયને સ્પષ્ટ કરવાનો પ્રયત્ન કરતા ગદ્યને કયા પ્રકારનું ગદ્ય કહેવામાં આવે છે ?

(A) વાદાત્મક

(B) વિવરણાત્મક

(C) વર્ણનાત્મક

(D) ભાવાત્મક

- (79) તમતમારે, જુદાજુદા, દૂરદૂરથી વગેરે કયા પ્રકારના શબ્દો છે ?
- (A) નામયોગી શબ્દો (B) સંયુક્ત શબ્દો
(C) સામાસિક શબ્દો (D) દ્વિરુક્તિવાળા શબ્દો
- (80) નીચેનામાંથી પરિમાણવાચક વિશેષણ જણાવો.
- (A) આટલું (B) આવું
(C) કડવું (D) પહેલું
- (81) નીચેનામાંથી કયા વિકલ્પમાં તમામ શબ્દોની જોડણી વ્યાકરણની દૃષ્ટિએ સંપૂર્ણ સાચી છે ?
- (A) શારીરિક, આશીર્વાદ, જિજ્ઞવિષા, સુશ્રુષા
(B) શારીરિક, આશીર્વાદ, જિજ્ઞવિષા, શુશ્રુષા
(C) શારીરિક, આશિર્વાદ, જિજ્ઞવિષા, શુશ્રુષા
(D) શારીરિક, આશિર્વાદ, જિજ્ઞવીષા, શુશ્રુષા
- (82) નીચેનામાંથી કયો શબ્દ 'અન્ન'નો પર્યાયવાચી શબ્દ નથી ?
- (A) હાય (B) વાજ
(C) તોખાર (D) કુંજર
- (83) વાક્યશુદ્ધિના નિયમ અનુસાર નીચેનામાંથી વ્યાકરણની દૃષ્ટિએ શુદ્ધ વાક્ય પસંદ કરો.
- (A) મેં આજે એક ગાય અને એક બળદને આવતી જોઈ.
(B) મેં આજે એક ગાય અને એક બળદ આવતાં જોયાં.
(C) મેં આજે એક ગાય અને એક બળદ આવતા જોયો.
(D) મેં આજે એક ગાય અને બળદને આવતી જોઈ.
- (84) નીચેના વાક્યમાં વ્યાકરણીય રીતે કયો શબ્દપ્રયોગ ખોટો છે ? "તેણે મને સહૃદયતાપૂર્વક આવકાર આપ્યો."
- (A) તેણે
(B) સહૃદયતાપૂર્વક
(C) આવકાર
(D) આપ્યો
- (85) લેખનકાર્ય કરતી વખતે વાક્યના અંતે કે વચ્ચે કોઈ વિગત લખવાની બાકી રહી ગઈ હોય, ત્યારે તેને ઉમેરવા માટે કયા ચિહ્નનો ઉપયોગ થાય છે ?
- (A) લોપચિહ્ન (ˆ) (B) કાકપદ / હંસપદ (^)
(C) લઘુરેખા (-) (D) ફુદડી (*)

(86) Pair the words with their antonyms.

Words

Antonyms

(a) lazy

(i) diligent

(b) active

(ii) blunt

(c) sharp

(iii) inert

(d) fertile

(iv) barren

(A) (c) i, (d) ii, (a) iii, (b) iv

(B) (a) ii, (c) iii, (b) i, (d) iv

(C) (c) ii, (d) i, (b) iii, (a) iv

(D) (a) i, (d) iii, (c) ii, (b) iv

(87) Which word has no suffix.

(A) Health

(B) Library

(C) Embrace

(D) Marriage

(88) Find out the odd pair.

(A) proud - pride

(B) bond - bind

(C) grieve - grief

(D) lose - loss

(89) Arrange these sentences in proper order to describe an accident-scene.

(i) Passengers were told to be ready to quit the ship.

(ii) Everyone knew there was fire on board.

(iii) Smoke oozed up between the planks.

(iv) Flames broke out here and there.

(v) Most people bore the shock bravely.

(A) iii, ii, v, iv, i

(B) i, ii, iv, iii, v

(C) iv, iii, ii, v, i

(D) iii, iv, ii, i, v

(90) Select the sentence with almost similar meaning to the sentence "At the moment the duck looked exhausted."

(A) The duck looked dreadful

(B) The duck was looking for a place to hide

(C) The duck looked very tired.

(D) The duck seemed unhappy.

(91) Put proper preposition in the blank. He was looking his lost keys.

(A) at

(B) for

(C) after

(D) into

- (92) he finds a job, his family will starve. Fill in the blank with proper word.
 (A) It (B) Unless (C) As (D) However
- (93) The harder you work, the result you will get.
 (A) good (B) best
 (C) better (D) lower
- (94) Select the similar word for Inventory.
 (A) Summary (B) Schedule
 (C) Index (D) Questionnaire
- (95) All the crows are black. We find a white crow, put proper adverb to complete the sentence.
 (A) frequently (B) usually
 (C) rarely (D) always
- (96) Which expression best conveys the idea ?
 (A) During the curfew, the streets wearing desolate look.
 (B) During the curfew, the streets wore a desolate look.
 (C) During the curfew, the streets have had worn desolate looks
 (D) During the curfew, the streets has been wearing desolation looks
- (97) What is the correct noun form of the verb 'compel' ?
 (A) Compelation (B) Compulsion
 (C) Compulsory (D) Compellment
- (98) Fill in the blank with the correct preposition : "The committee is totally opposed the new proposal."
 (A) for (B) against
 (C) to (D) with
- (99) Fill in the blanks with appropriate articles : "He is heir to the throne and honest man."
 (A) a, a (B) an, a (C) an, an (D) the, a
- (100) Identify the correct verb according to subject-verb Agreement : "Neither the principal nor the teachers present at the meeting yesterday."
 (A) was (B) were (C) are (D) is

- 101) According to whom, man is like a telephone instrument whose two ends which are stimulus and response are only seen.
- (A) Psychodynamic (B) Behavioristic
(C) Humanistic (D) Educational
- 102) The first Psychology Laboratory was found in which city and when?
- (A) Leipzig (1879) (B) Munich (1879)
(C) Frankfurt (1879) (D) Berlin (1800)
- 103) _____ means to look within and observe ones own mental processes.
- (A) Systematic (B) Introspection
(C) Participatory (D) Inter speculation
- 104) Cross-Sectional method is also known as method of _____ study.
- (A) Horizontal (B) Longitudinal
(C) Case history (D) Latitudinal
- 105) "If one wants to observe the wrath of floods in Uttaranchal, then the observer will have to go to the flood hit area of Uttaranchal to make his study." We are talking about which method?
- (A) Systematic observation (B) Natural observation
(C) Participatory observation (D) Field observation
- 106) According to whom, "A change in the complete body system is development".
- (A) Elizabeth Hurlock (B) Crow and Crow
(C) Freud (D) Piaget
- 107) Age at which, a child is physically and mentally ready to perform a particular function is called the child's age of _____.
- (A) Development (B) Growth
(C) Maturity (D) Productivity
- 108) _____ refers to increase in the size of the brain and in the proportion of specialized brain tissue.
- (A) Bipedalism (B) Encephalization
(C) Hypothalamus (D) Evolution

- (109) Which secretion stimulates the Thyroid gland?
- (A) Hydrotropic (B) Oxytocin
(C) Cranium (D) Thyrotrophic
- (110) The ____ gland releases the hormones called epinephrine and non-epinephrine.
- (A) Thyroid (B) Adrenal
(C) Pancreas (D) Gonads
- (111) ____ are known as the transmitters of physical and psychological characteristics.
- (A) Behavior (B) Habits
(C) Genes (D) CNS
- (112) 'Psychology' word is derived from ____ language.
- (A) Greek (B) French
(C) Latin (D) English
- (113) ____ reasoning is based on certain pre-assumptions or beliefs.
- (A) Inductive (B) Deductive
(C) Basic (D) Abstract
- (114) Who said, "To overcome obstacles and use thought processes to achieve the goal is known as problem-solving"
- (A) Baron (B) Santrok
(C) Whiting and Williams (D) Silverman
- (115) Which strategy gives assurance that the problem would be solved after some time?
- (A) Heuristics (B) Problem Space
(C) Algorithm (D) Mental Set
- (116) Name the aspect related to the ability to remember meaningful experiences.
- (A) Negative (B) Coding
(C) Real (D) Positive

- (117) In short term memory, only encoded information are stored, which can be stored for minimum 1 second to maximum ____.
- (A) 20 – 30 seconds (B) 30 – 40 seconds
(C) 10 – 20 seconds (D) 25 – 30 seconds
- (118) Who developed the PQRS method?
- (A) Jakins (B) Woodsworth
(C) Thomas and Robinson (D) Bernhardt
- (119) “VIBGYOR” is which technique to remember things easily?
- (A) Part learning
(B) Proactive Interference
(C) First letter
(D) Storage
- (120) Rate of forgetting is very fast. In ____ minutes we can remember only 58% material and in one hour 44%.
- (A) 30 (B) 20
(C) 25 (D) 35
- (121) ____ is known as Holistic psychologist.
- (A) Wertheimer, Kohler, Koffka (B) Skinner, Grethi, Tolman
(C) Watson (D) J. C. Coleman
- (122) Observation method has ____ types.
- (A) Five (B) Four
(C) Six (D) Three
- (123) “Turn inward within oneself and observe the mental processes taking place inside you” – is called.
- (A) Observation method
(B) Visit method
(C) Proper observation method
(D) Inter – observation method

- (124) "Continuity and consistency in the result of test" means.
- (A) Reliability (B) Validity
(C) Standardization (D) Objectivity
- (125) The first Psychological lab was set up by ____ and in ____.
- (A) Walton Canon – 1920 (B) Haans Sali – 1956
(C) Wilhem Wundt – 1879 (D) Watson - 1979
- (126) Growth achieves its optimum at the age of ____.
- (A) 17 – 18 (B) 18 – 19
(C) 19 – 20 (D) 20 – 21
- (127) From birth to maturity child's head, chest, torso, hands, legs grow 2 times, 2.5 times, 3 times, 4 time, 5 times respectively – Who said it?
- (A) Crow and Crow (B) Freud
(C) Skinner (D) Elizabeth Hurlock
- (128) ____ explains the principles of moral development.
- (A) Freud (B) Erik Erikson
(C) Piaget (D) Kohelberg
- (129) ____ affects development.
- (A) Heritance and Environment (B) Environment and Technology
(C) Genes (D) Chromosomes
- (130) Human body has ____ pair of chromosomes.
- (A) 24 (B) 23
(C) 48 (D) 22
- (131) ____ assists the human body while encountering with a fearful or critical condition.
- (A) Parasympathetic system
(B) Hypothalamus
(C) Sympathetic system
(D) Thalamus

(132) _____ stimulates the Thyroid gland.

(A) Thyroxin

(B) Oxytocin

(C) Vasopressin

(D) Lactogenic

(133) There are _____ stages of creativity explained.

(A) Three

(B) Four

(C) Five

(D) Two

(134) Experts in the field of experimental Psychology Conducts empirical studies. Here Empirical studies mean _____.

(A) A study based only on opinions and theories

(B) A study based on observation, experiments and real data

(C) A study based on imagination and assumptions

(D) A study based on historical stories

(135) _____ is a key characteristic of a Psychological test?

(A) It is based on predictions and assumptions

(B) It lacks consistency in result

(C) It is standardized, reliable and valid

(D) It is standardized, void and unsound

(136) During the Pre-Operational stage of cognitive development, child observes _____ more.

(A) Logical thinking

(B) Abstract thinking

(C) Scientific thinking

(D) Symbolic thinking

(137) A full set of genes inherited from parents is called _____.

(A) Genocide

(B) Genotype

(C) Genocyte

(D) Genorite

(138) If English is taught in the first period, and Gujarati in second period, then the learning of English interferes with the learning of Gujarati – What type of interference is it?

(A) Proactive interference

(B) Memory interference

(C) Visual memory

(D) Retroactive interference

- (139) ____ is the smallest meaningful unit of Language.
- (A) Morpheme (B) Sound
(C) Phoneme (D) Semantic unit
- (140) The process of sending or receiving message or symbol is called ____.
- (A) Tone (B) Language
(C) Communication (D) Feedback
- (141) Physiologists and psychologists have divided sensation into how many classes?
- (A) 1 (B) 2
(C) 3 (D) 4
- (142) Earlobe, auditory canal and the eardrum are parts of which ear?
- (A) Amygdala (B) Outer Ear
(C) Middle Ear (D) Inner Ear
- (143) Psychologists McDougall calls liking as which attention?
- (A) Inert (B) Habitual
(C) Receptors (D) Covert
- (144) Ivan Partrovich Pavlov was primarily interested in which aspect of digestion?
- (A) Physiological (B) Psychological
(C) Psycho-Physical (D) Behavioral
- (145) For how many days Thorndike continued the experiment?
- (A) 22 Days (B) 23 Days
(C) 24 Days (D) 25 Days
- (146) Insight Learning is also called as ____.
- (A) Out of box thinking (B) Inside box thinking
(C) Lifelong learning (D) Permanent learning
- (147) Which type of intelligence is used in tasks like speaking, listening, reading etc.
- (A) Spatial Intelligence (B) Logical Mathematical Intelligence
(C) Linguistic Intelligence (D) Inter personal Intelligence

- (148) In which type of intelligence abstract and analytical thinking is possible?
- (A) Experiential (B) Contextual
(C) Componential (D) General
- (149) Which Psychologist said that illiterate people stick to traditional values and so to reduce prejudice education is very important?
- (A) Harding (B) Stamber
(C) Skinner (D) Newcomb
- (150) Attitude is a _____ behavior of the individual arising out of mental congnition.
- (A) Psychophysical (B) Psychological
(C) Physiological (D) Mental
- (151) What are firm negative thoughts in the mind of the individual called as?
- (A) Conditioning (B) Prejudice
(C) Attitude (D) Socialization
- (152) The origins of Mental Load can be classified in _____ types.
- (A) Four (B) Two
(C) Three (D) Five
- (153) _____ stress is a response that creates an imbalance in our physical mental activities.
- (A) Positive (B) Negative
(C) Neutral (D) Zero
- (154) Different types of external and internal stimuli which give rise to stress are called _____.
- (A) Headache (B) Hysteria
(C) Stressors (D) Stimulators
- (155) Which coping reaction technique is to cushion failure, reduce anxiety etc.
- (A) Ego defensive technique
(B) Emotion oriented technique
(C) Task oriented technique
(D) Biological technique

- (156) The word 'normal' has come from the Latin word 'norma', Which means ____.
- (A) Tailor's tape
 (B) Regular Measure tape
 (C) Carpenter's Measure tape
 (D) Mason's tape
- (157) What do we call classification given by WHO?
- (A) ICD (B) DSM
 (C) DIC (D) DCCM
- (158) The shortcoming of 'thyroxin' from thyroid gland causes ____.
- (A) Psychoses (B) Autism
 (C) Down's Syndrome (D) Cretinism
- (159) Activities like repetitive hand washing, counting numbers/figures, checking fans etc. is done in which disorder?
- (A) Obsessive (B) Mood Disorder
 (C) Compulsive (D) Dyslexia
- (160) In which method card, a dice or a metal piece are used instead of money and given to the patients performing certain types of desirable activities.
- (A) Assertive Training (B) Cognitive Therapies
 (C) Flooding (D) Token Economy
- (161) Which gases when enter the body of the people through breathing leads to the disease like respiratory problems, burning of the skin etc.
- (A) Nitrogen, Carbon dioxide
 (B) Carbon monoxide, nitrous oxide and sulfur dioxide
 (C) Chlorofluorocarbon, oxygen and sulphur
 (D) Sulphur monoxide, nitric acid and oxygen
- (162) Name the instrument through which the advertisement spread are known as:
- (A) Market (B) Medium
 (C) Object (D) Customer

- (163) Who clearly believed that probability of both beastliness and saintness exist inside the decision taken by the individual not on the situations.
- (A) Viktor Frankl (B) Martin Seligman
(C) Carl Rogers (D) Peterson
- (164) "Education means relatively permanent change caused due to experience, actions and practice" – Who defines it?
- (A) Pavlov (B) C. T. Morgan
(C) Kohler (D) Skinner
- (165) Greek medical Expert – Hippocrates described _____ types of personality on the base of Body Secretion.
- (A) Four (B) Three
(C) Five (D) Two
- (166) Who introduced the Principle of Intelligence in 1985?
- (A) Spearman (B) Gardner
(C) Sternberg (D) Guilford
- (167) When did Richard Lazarus introduce his ideas and "Ideas and Emotions"?
- (A) 1950 to 1960 (B) 1960 to 1970
(C) 1940 to 1950 (D) 1945 to 1955
- (168) The average heart rate of a healthy person per minute is _____.
- (A) 71 to 74 (B) 72 to 75
(C) 70 to 75 (D) 72 to 80
- (169) Who initiated the research work on the impacts of mental load? When?
- (A) Lazarus – 1956 (B) Canon – 1920
(C) Haans Seli – 1958 (D) Haans Seli - 1956
- (170) DSM-V classifies the specific phobias in _____ type.
- (A) Seven (B) Six
(C) Eight (D) Five

- (171) "Psychotherapy" is the treatment of mental disorders using Psychological method" who defines it?
(A) James Drever (B) Lahner and Cube
(C) C. T. Morgan (D) Blocher
- (172) "When the meditator and the focus of meditation get unified, all inner conflicts are resolved and mind attains calmness" – Which stage of yoga it is?
(A) Perception (B) Meditation
(C) Aasan (D) Samadhi
- (173) ____ explained Id, Ego and Super Ego elaborately first.
(A) Watson (B) Freud
(C) Carl Rogers (D) Maslow
- (174) ____ is widely caused by Air Pollution.
(A) Respiratory Disease (B) Skin Disease
(C) Cancer (D) All of the above
- (175) ____ intelligence is observed in greater extent in biologists, Botanists, Farmers and Forest wanderer.
(A) Spatial (B) Linguistic
(C) Musical (D) Naturalistic
- (176) Binet and Simon's First Individual Intelligence Test was formed in ____ language.
(A) Greek (B) English
(C) French (D) Latin
- (177) "Talent depends on the interaction of high intelligence, high creativity and high level of motivation" – Who suggests it?
(A) Kaufman (B) Raven
(C) Sternberg (D) Joseph Renzulli
- (178) A hasty opinion or decision accepted without sufficient investigation is ____.
(A) Attitude (B) Education
(C) Prejudice (D) Prediction

- (179) News Paper, Television, Telephone, Radio, Facebook, Whatsapp aim to _____.
- (A) Reduce selling
 - (B) Create illusion
 - (C) Provide medium of mass communication
 - (D) Cause alteration
- (180) "Standing between the two railway tracks and looking into the distance the tracks appear to come closer to each other" – Why?
- (A) Aerial transparency
 - (B) Relative size
 - (C) Surface of the plane
 - (D) Linear perspective
- (181) Zone of Proximal development is a concept introduced by
- (A) John Dewey
 - (B) Lev Vygotsky
 - (C) Albert Bandura
 - (D) Erik Erikson
- (182) Intrinsic motivation refers to _____.
- (A) Motivation driven by observing Peer Performance
 - (B) Motivation driven by seeing others lacking behind
 - (C) Motivation driven by isolating oneself from all activities
 - (D) Motivation driven by internal satisfaction of interest in the task
- (183) Bloom's Taxonomy is Primarily used for _____.
- (A) Classifying education objectives
 - (B) Designing process of evaluation
 - (C) Understanding the role of teaching aids in teaching
 - (D) Identifying the individual differences of students
- (184) Self-Actualization is placed at the highest level in the hierarchy of needs by _____.
- (A) Spearman
 - (B) Piaget
 - (C) Maslow
 - (D) A. G. Gardner

- (185) Scaffolding is important because ____.
- (A) It increases the pressure on teacher to work efficiently
 - (B) Enables students gain confidence
 - (C) It nullifies the impact of reward and punishment
 - (D) It categorises the level of intelligence of students'
- (186) According to Erik Erikson, the main challenge in adolescence is ____.
- (A) Trust vs Mistrust
 - (B) Identity vs Role Confusion
 - (C) Inferiority vs Superiority
 - (D) Authority vs Liberty
- (187) Metacognition refers to ____.
- (A) Avoiding thinking
 - (B) Remembering individual difference
 - (C) Reducing Psychomotor skill based activities
 - (D) Thinking about one's own thinking
- (188) Adding a reward to encourage desired behavior is an example of ____.
- (A) Positive Reinforcement
 - (B) Positive Elimination
 - (C) Negative Inclusion
 - (D) Positive Exclusion
- (189) When students solve real-life problems collaboratively it is called ____ learning.
- (A) Passive
 - (B) Active
 - (C) Distant
 - (D) Irrelevant
- (190) During group activities a teacher notices that shy students hesitate to participate. Then teacher should
- (A) Appoint them as Supervisors during group activities
 - (B) Assign paper works to those students
 - (C) Keep those students in one group
 - (D) Use Peer Scaffolding and small-group interaction

- (191) _____ is not a tangible reward.
- (A) A certificate of achievement
 - (B) Verbal Praise
 - (C) Stars in the note book
 - (D) Trophy
- (192) Kinesthetic learners are best helped by _____.
- (A) Watching videos
 - (B) Listening to lectures
 - (C) Hands – on - activities and experiments
 - (D) Memorizing textbooks
- (193) In the context of operant conditioning, _____ is used to strengthen a desired behaviour.
- (A) Punishment
 - (B) Positive Reinforcement
 - (C) Extinction
 - (D) Avoidance
- (194) _____ means replicating actions in a learning environment.
- (A) Imitation
 - (B) Intimidation
 - (C) Inquiry
 - (D) Reinforcement
- (195) Deschooling Society is advocated firmly by _____.
- (A) Paulo Freire
 - (B) Ivan Illich
 - (C) Herbert Spencer
 - (D) John Dewey
- (196) Which component of lesson plan ensures students actively participate in learning?
- (A) Homework stage
 - (B) Introduction stage
 - (C) Summary stage
 - (D) Activity stage

- (197) Theory of multiple Intelligence was given by _____
- (A) Jean Piaget
 - (B) Benjamin Bloom
 - (C) John Dewey
 - (D) Howard Gardner
- (198) Which of the following is not a characteristic of a good teacher?
- (A) Accepting and applying pupils suggestion
 - (B) Being lively and friendly
 - (C) Being sensitive to pupils needs
 - (D) Being stern and firm.
- (199) Which characteristic best defines formative assessment?
- (A) Conducted only at the end of the course.
 - (B) Used mainly for grading students.
 - (C) Replaces final examination.
 - (D) Provides continuous feedback during learning.
- (200) Which of the following may be least learner centered?
- (A) Instructional Plan
 - (B) Unit Plan
 - (C) Lesson Plan
 - (D) Activity Plan

